



# Finding Top-k Relevant Groups of Spatial Web Objects

### Motivation

- Top-k nearest single objects may not be relevant.
  - May be closed, too expensive or full.
- Instead return top-k most relevant groups of objects.
  - Gives the user a wide selection.



# Group Extended R-Tree

#### The index:

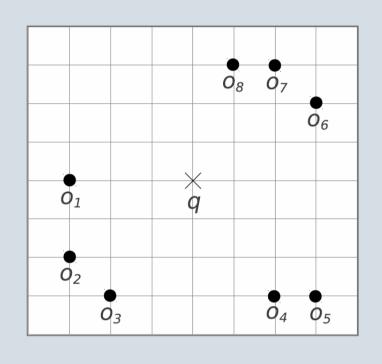
Vocabulary: This is a mapping of each term to a GER-tree.

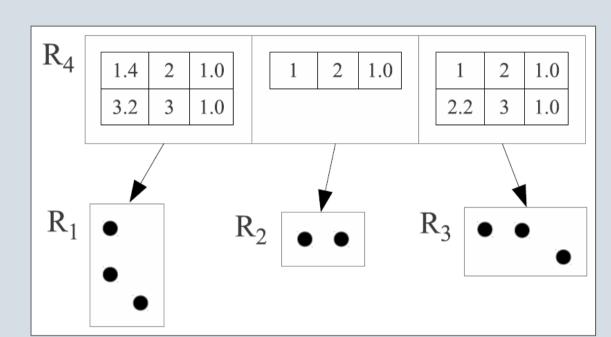
Trees: Objects are indexed in the GER-tree.

Compressed Histograms: Each entry in a non-leaf node in the

GER-tree contains a compressed histogram,

representing the child subtree.





# **Query Processing**

- Groups may span across several entries:
  - Conservative combination of entries.

Entries									Combined			
$R_{_1}$			$R_{_2}$			$R_{_3}$						
3.2	3	1.0	1	2	1.0				4.0	5	1.0	
3.2	3	1.0				2.2	3	1.0	3.6	6	1.0	
			1	2	1.0	2.2	3	1.0	5.0	5	1.0	
3.2	3	1.0	1	2	1.0	2.2	3	1.0	5.0	8	1.0	

- Calculate best case cost based on the compressed histogram entries.
- At leaf level the actual cost is calculated.
- Terminate when actual cost is lower than any best case cost.

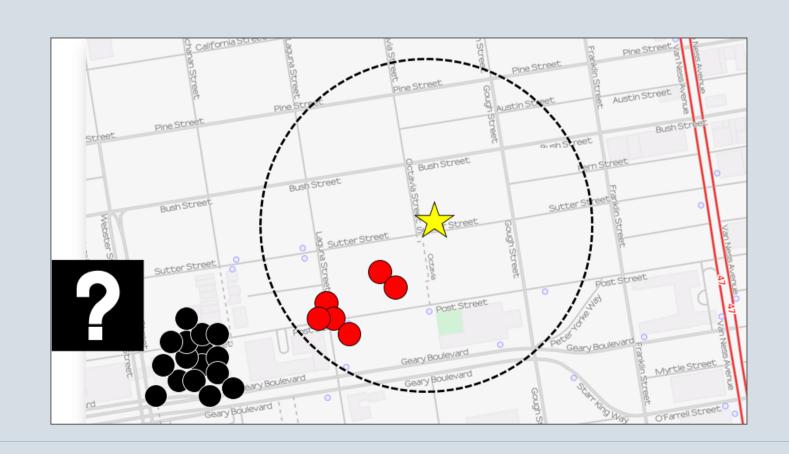
## The Problem

#### • Group relevance:

- distance from the query location to the group.
- diameter of the group.
- number of objects in the group.
- textual relevance between group keywords and objects in the group.

#### Candidate groups are all subsets of the dataset:

hard to prune subtrees with exisisting work.



# Compressed Histograms

Conservative description of the subtree:

 $\forall O \subseteq S (|O| > n_d \Rightarrow diameter(O) > minDist)$ 

Full representation of the objects:

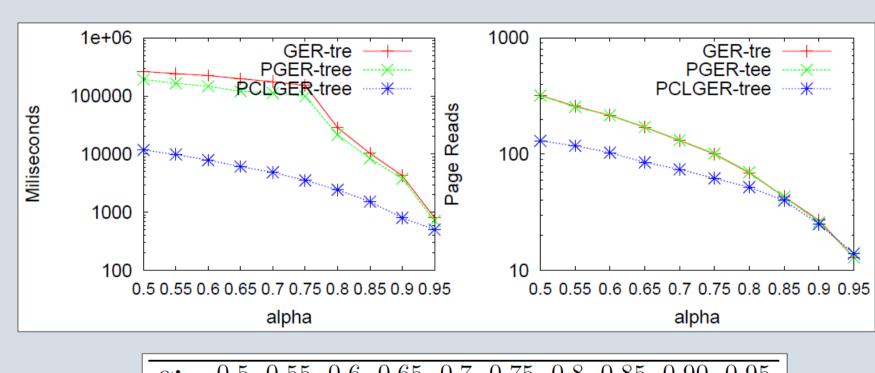
minDist	$n_d =  O $	$TR_{entry}$	$avg_{\it tf}$
1.0	$ \{o_7, o_8\} $	0.17	1.0
2.24	$ \{o_7, o_6, o_8\} $	0.08	1.0
5.83	$ \{o_2, o_4, o_3, o_1\} $	0.05	1.0
6.32	$ \{o_7, o_6, o_4, o_8, o_1\} $	0.03	1.0
6.71	$ \{o_2, o_4, o_3, o_8, o_1, o_5\} $	0.02	1.0
7.21	$ \{o_7, o_2, o_6, o_4, o_3, o_8, o_1, o_5\} $	0.01	1.0

Compressed histogram:

minDist	$n_d$	$avg_{tf}$
1.0	2	1.0
2.24	3	1.0
5.83	4	1.0
6.32	8	1.0

Increasing the number of entries in the compressed histogram improves pruning.

# **Experimental Results**



$\alpha$ :	0.5	0.55	0.6	0.65	0.7	0.75	0.8	0.85	0.90	0.95
G :	9.2	8.7	7.7	7.0	6.3	5.5	4.4	3.5	2.2	1.2

