

# Server Interface Descriptions for Automated Testing of JavaScript Web Applications

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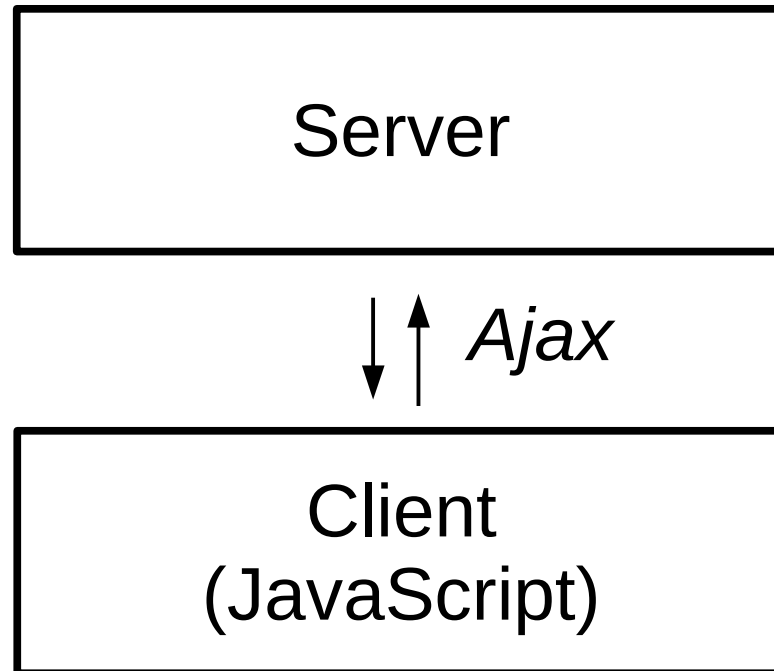
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St. Petersburg, ESEC/FSE 2013

# Web 2.0 Application Development

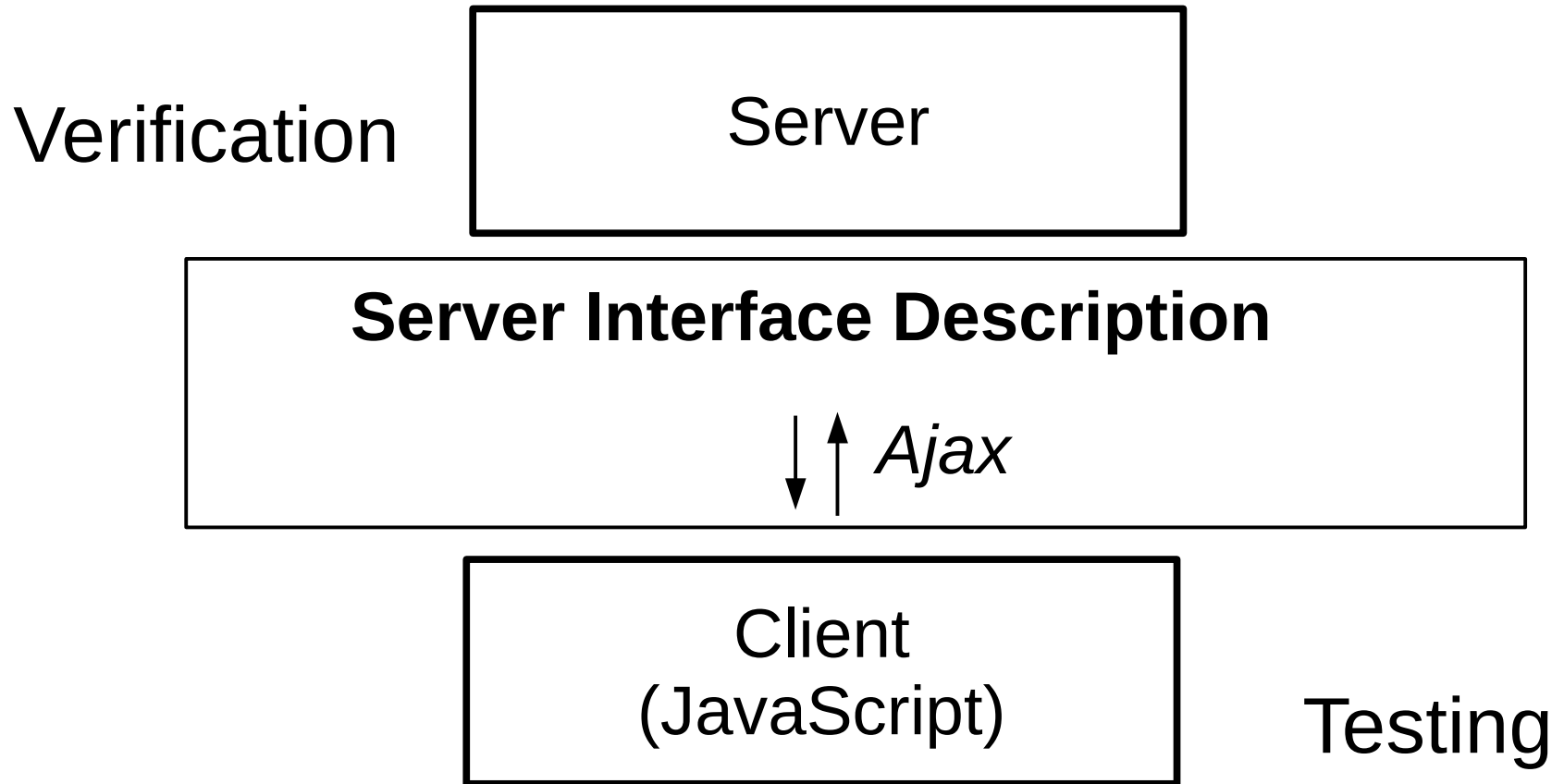
Today, the monolithic approach



# Web 2.0 Application Development

## Separation of Concerns

Program Comprehension



Partial Implementations

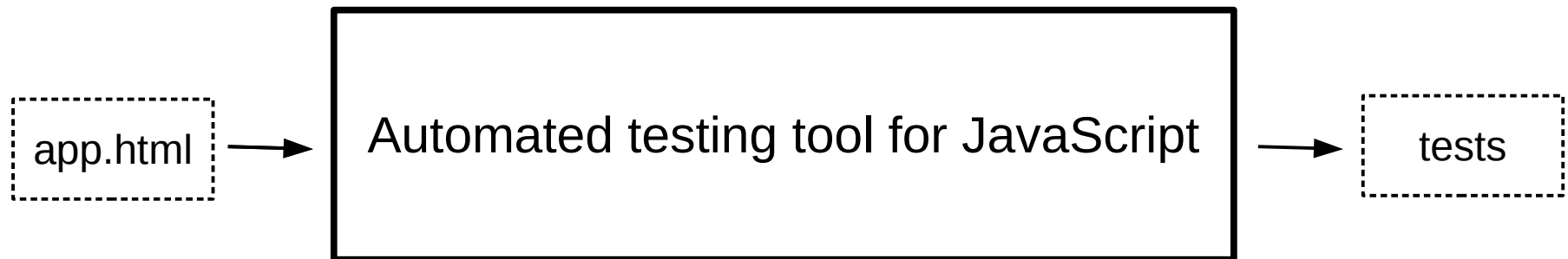
# Outline

- 1) Advocate separation of concerns for web application communication
- 2) Illustrate how separation of concerns improves automated testing of JavaScript
- 3) Provide a learning algorithm for server interface descriptions

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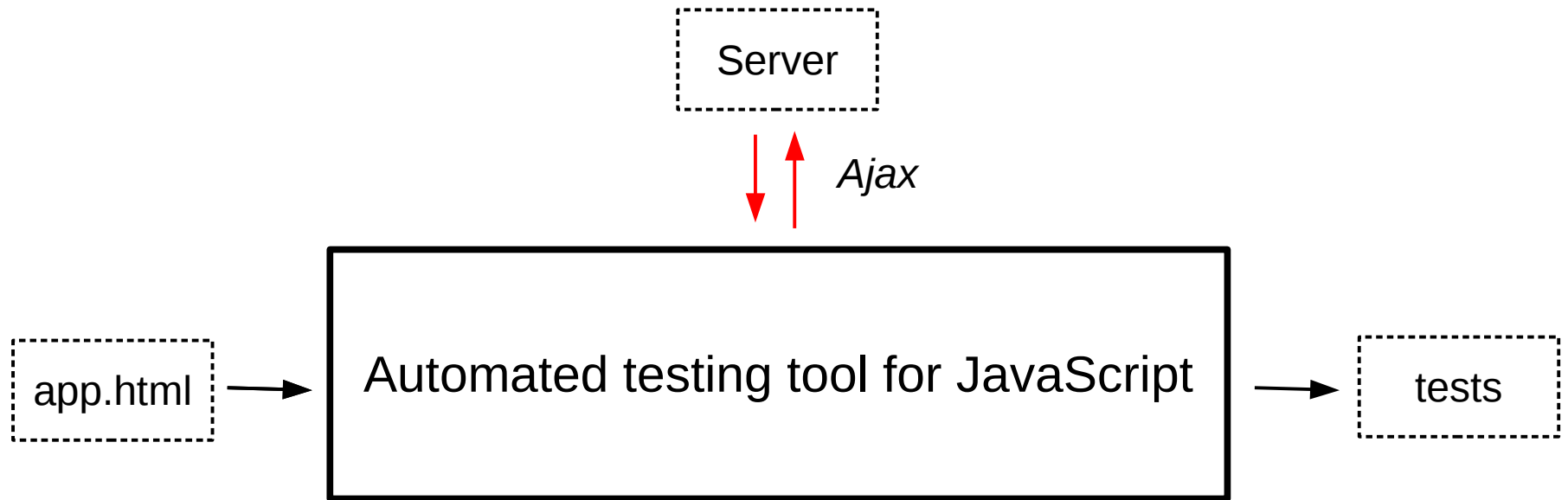
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# Automate Testing for JavaScript Applications



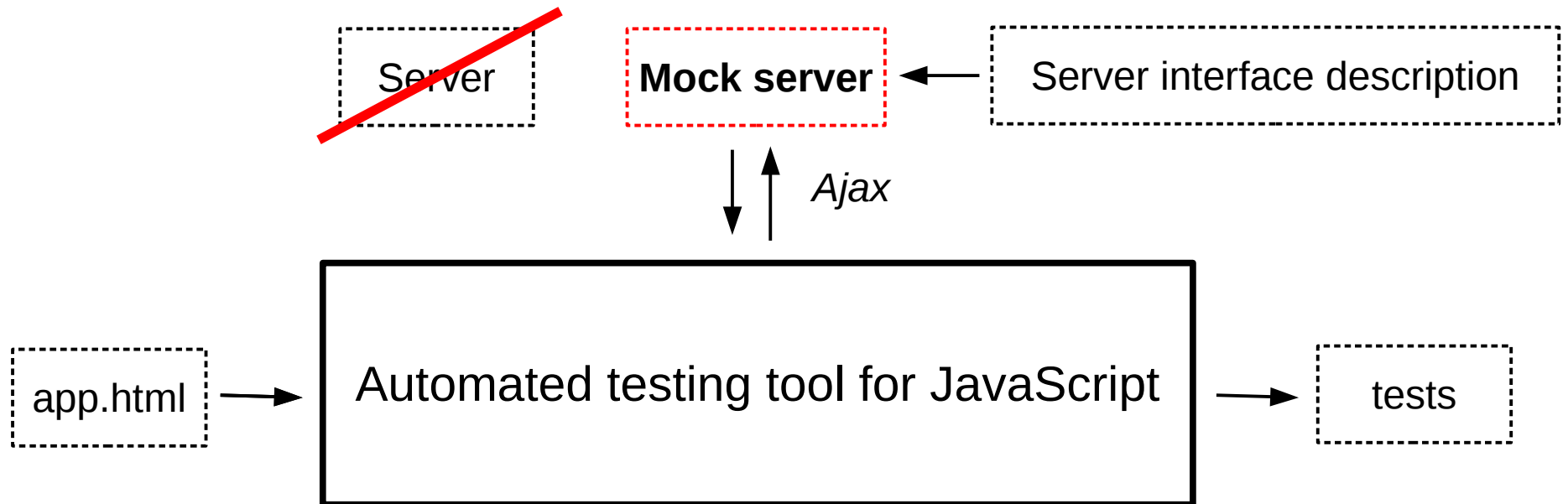
- Feedback-directed testing
  - Feedback from concrete execution generates tests
- *Artemis: A Framework for Automated Testing of JavaScript Web Applications. S. Artzi, J. Dolby, S. H. Jensen, A. Møller, and F. Tip. ICSE'11*

# We Have a Problem...



- Requires the server to be available
- Time consuming to prepare server for testing
  - Software installation, database population, ...

# Solution



## Add a mock server

- Uses server interface descriptions
- Responds with well structured responses



# The AIL Language

Ajax server Interface description Language  
(Simplified version of WADL)

```
GET news/read/id/* () : @items.json
```

```
GET author(name:*) : @author.json
```

```
GET users/login(user:*, pwd:*) : @token.json
```

```
POST news/update(item:@item.json) : void
```

# Evaluation

Automated testing using a mock server

	Live server # lines covered	Mock server # lines covered
simpleajax	62	62
resume	108	113
globetrotter	180	205
buggenie	1322	1308
elfinder	1337	1366

Mock- and live server results in similar coverage

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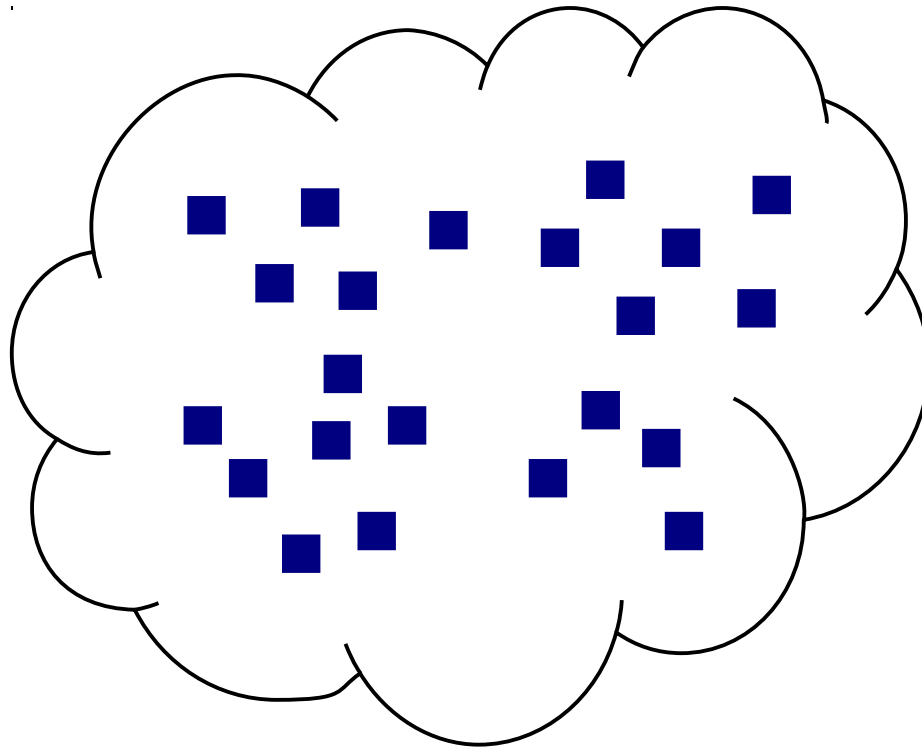
# Why Learning?

- Writing server interface descriptions is time consuming
- A lot of existing applications could benefit from server interface descriptions
- We want to facilitate the construction of server interface descriptions

# The Learning Process

- Learning through samples
  - Monitor traffic in production
  - Black-box
  - A sample is a request and response pair
- Learning algorithm
- Subsequent manual inspection/adjustment
- Continuous maintenance as application evolves

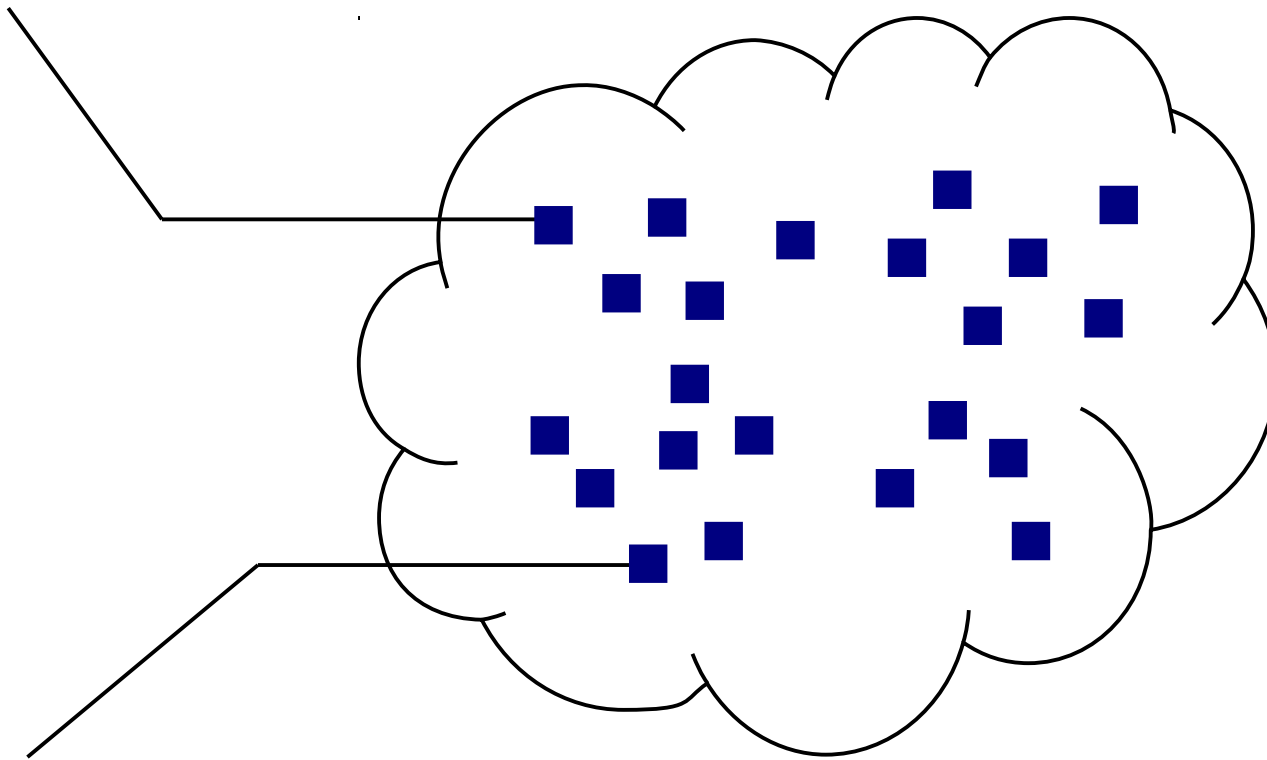
# Partitioning Samples



# Partitioning Samples

```
GET news/read/id/23
```

```
{“title”: “News item #23”}
```



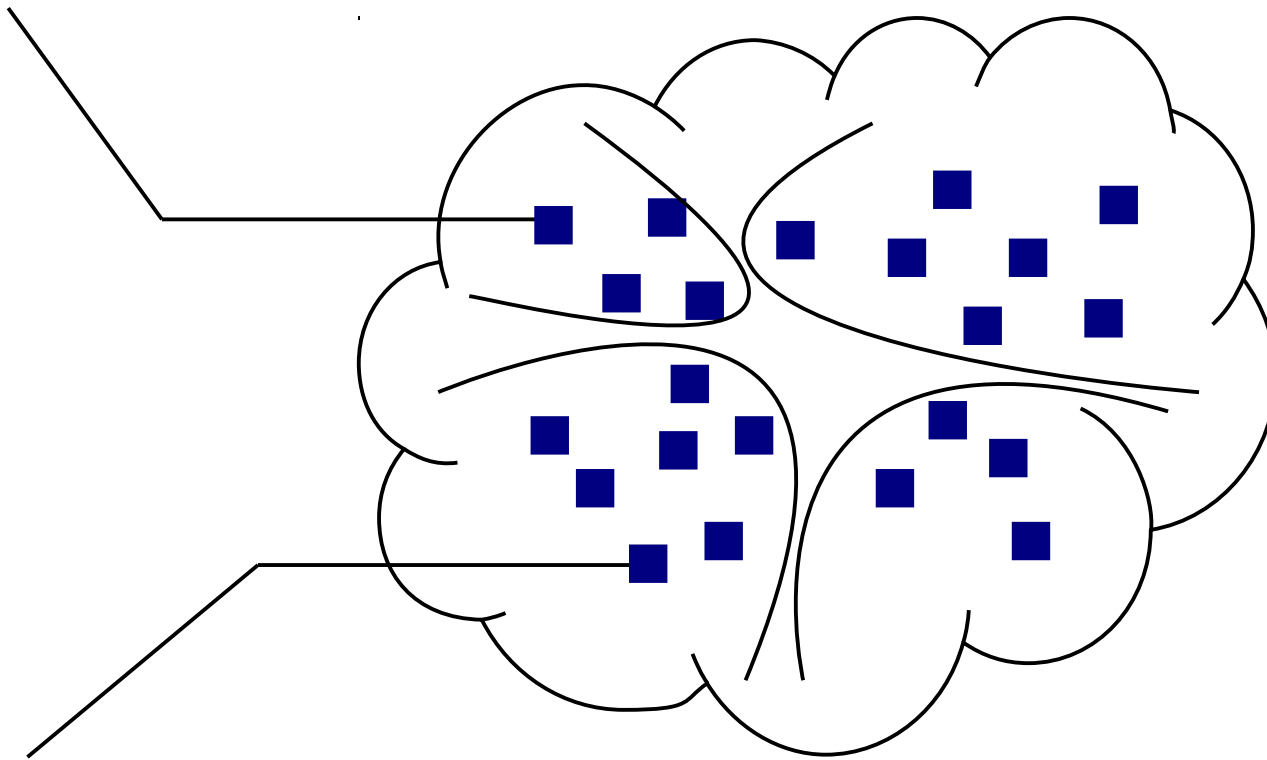
```
GET news/delete/id/23
```

```
{“success”: “ok”}
```

# Partitioning Samples

```
GET news/read/id/23
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```
{“title”: “News item #23”}
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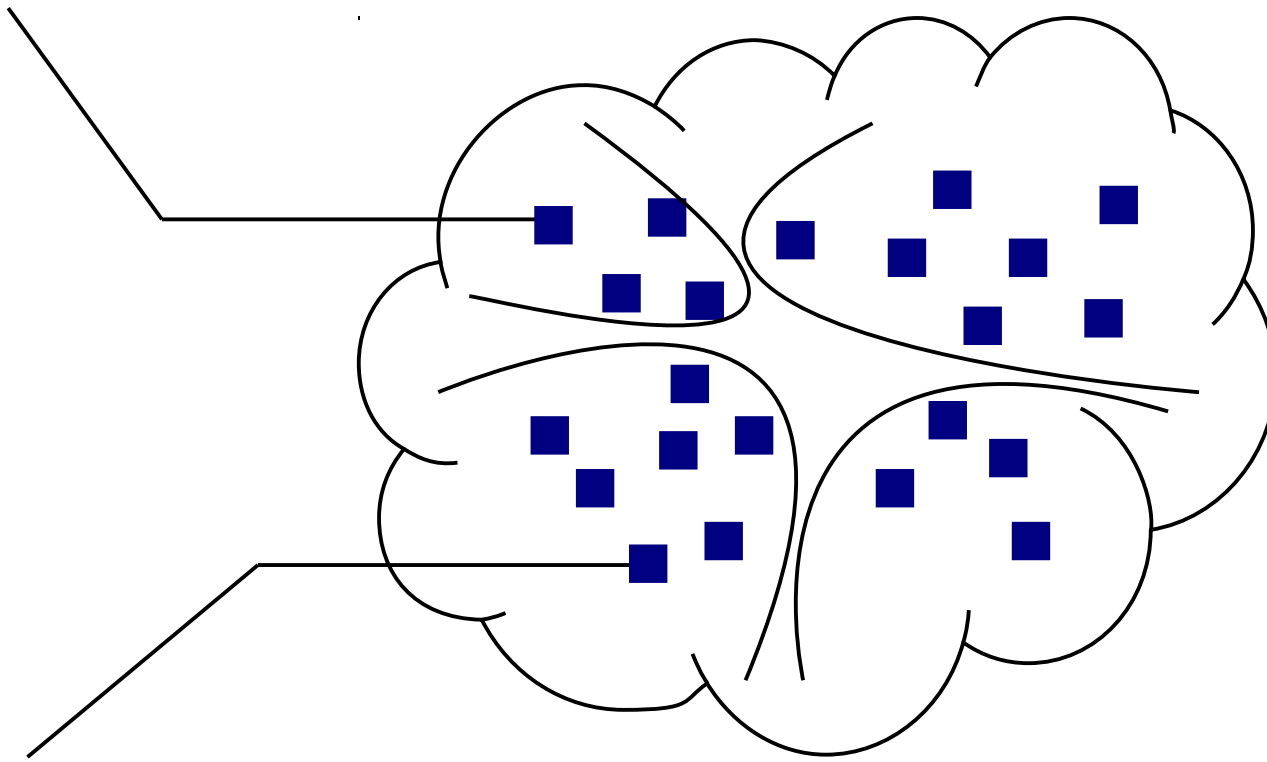
```
GET news/delete/id/23
```

```
{“success”: “ok”}
```



# Partitioning Samples

GET news/read/id/\* : items.json



GET news/delete/id/\* : result.json

# Requirements to Partitioning

(Partitioning = Interface Description)

- Complete
  - The input is covered by the learned result
- Disjoint
  - Request patterns are disjoint
- Precise
  - Learned result close to input
- Concise
  - Learned result is small  
(measured in number of operations)

# Algorithm (high-level)

- 1) Collect concrete request response pairs
- 2) Response data clustering
- 3) Request data clustering
- 4) Translation into AIL descriptions

# Response Data Clustering

- Observation: For each operation, the possible responses are often structurally similar
- We map all responses to their *type abstraction*
  - We focus on JSON (XML is similar)
  - $\{\text{"a": 4, "b": 5}\} \rightarrow \text{OBJ}(\text{"a": INT, "b": INT})$
- Cluster according to structural equivalence of response type abstractions

# Request Data Clustering

- The *response data clustering* does not satisfy the disjointness requirement
- Adjust the clustering considering request data
  - Combine clusters (generalize)
  - Split clusters (specialize)

# Evaluation

## Quality of learned specifications

	Samples	Sampling	Matches	1 → N	N → 1
simpleajax	70	3m	5	0	0
resume	128	9m	12	3	0
globetrotter	97	8m	4	1	0
impresspages	179	6m	5	1	0
buggenie	210	6m	4	3	0
<b>elfinder</b>	<b>181</b>	<b>6m</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>0</b>
tomatocart	370	8m	22	6	1
eyeos	611	6m	22	0	0
<b>Total</b>			<b>85</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>1</b>

85 out of 103 learned operations match the implementation

# Summary

- Advocate for server interface descriptions
- Practical usage of server interface descriptions in automated testing of JavaScript
- Learning algorithm for server interface descriptions

Thanks